CLAIMS

1. A method for obtaining a DNA complementary to a mRNA, the method comprising:

contacting the mRNA having a polyadenosine (polyA) tail with a primer mixture, the
maxture comprising a plurality of primers wherein each primer comprises at least 5

contiguous deoxythymidines and at least 2 independently selected non-deoxythymidine
nucleotides near one end; and

reverse transcribing the mRNA using a reverse transcriptase to produce a DNA strand complementary to the mRNA.

- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein each primer further comprises a restriction enzyme sequence near the end opposite to the one containing the non-deoxythymidine nucleotides.
- 3. The method of claim 2, wherein the restriction enzyme sequence is double stranded.
- 4. The method of claim 1, wherein each primer comprises at least 10 contiguous deoxythymidines.
- 5. The method of claim 1, wherein each primer comprises at least 15 contiguous deoxythymidines.
- 6. The method of claim 1, wherein each primer comprises 2, 3, 4, or 5 non-deoxythymidine nucleotides at one end.
- 7. The method of claim 6, wherein the non-deoxythymidine nucleotides is selected from the group consisting of 3'-VV, 3'-VTVV, 3'-VTVVV, 3'-VTVVV, 3'-VTTVV, 3'-VTTVV, 3'-VTTVV, 3'-VTTVV, 3'-VTTVV, and 3'-VVVVVV and combinations thereof, wherein V is deoxyadenosine, deoxycytidine, or deoxyguanosine.

8. The method of claim 1, wherein the mixture comprises about 10-25 % of a primer having a 3'-VV, about 0.5-10 % of a primer having a 3'-VTTV, about 0.1-5 % of a primer having a 3'-VTTV, about 0.001-0.5% of a primer having a 3'-VTTTV, and upto about 95 % of a primer having a 3'-VVVVV, wherein V is deoxyadenosine, deoxycytidine, or deoxyguanosine.

- 9. The method of claim 8, wherein the mixture comprises about 15-20 % of a primer having a 3'-VV, about 3-6% of a primer having a 3'-VTV, about 0.5-3 % of a primer having a 3'-VTTV, about 0.005-0.05% of a primer having a 3'-VTTTV, and about 60-80 % of a primer having a 3'-VVVVV, wherein V is deoxyadenosine, deoxycytidine, or deoxyguanosine.
- 10. A method for obtaining a DNA complementary to a mRNA, the method comprising:

contacting the mRNA having a polyA tail with a primer mixture comprising a plurality of primers wherein each primer comprises at least 10 contiguous deoxythymidines and a non-polyA-complementary region near one end, wherein the non-polyA-complementary region is selected from the group consisting of 3'-VV, 3'-VTV, 3'-VTVV, 3'-VTVVV, 3'-VTVVV, and 3'-VVVVV, and combinations thereof, wherein V is deoxyadenosine, deoxycytidine, or deoxyguanosine; and

reverse transcribing the mRNA using a reverse transcriptase to produce a DNA strand complementary to the mRNA.

11. A method of producing uni-directionally cloned complimentary DNA libraries from mRNA, the method comprising:

contacting the mRNA having polyadenylated tails with a primer mixture, wherein each primer in the mixture has at least 10 contiguous deoxythymidines and at least two non-deoxythymidine nucleotides near one end and a double strandedrestriction enzyme sequence at the opposite end;

reverse transcribing the mRNA using a teverse transcriptase to produce a DNA strand complementary to the mRNA;

modifying the complementary DNA strand wherein the polyT tail is substantially removed; and

amplifying the modified cDNA strand by inserting the strand into a cloning vector uni-directionally, and amplifying using a DNA polymerase.

- 12. The method of claim 11, wherein the primer comprises at least 15 contiguous deoxythymidines.
- 13. The method of claim 1, wherein the primer comprises 2, 3, 4, or 5 non-deoxythymidine nucleotides at one end, wherein not more than 2 non-deoxythymidine nucleotides are contiguous.
- 14. The method of claim 11, wherein the non-deoxythymidine nucleotides is selected from the group consisting of 3'-VV, 3'-VTV, 3'-VTVVV, 3'-VTVVTV, 3'-VTVVTV, 3'-VTTVV, 3'-VTTVV, 3'-VTTVV, 3'-VTTVV, 3'-VTTVV, 3'-VTTVV, and 3'-VVVVVV and combinations thereof, wherein V is deoxyadenosine, deoxycytidine, or deoxyguanosine.
- 15. The method of claim 11, wherein the mixture comprises about 10-25 % of a primer having a 3'-VV, about 0.5-10 % of a primer having a 3'-VTV, about 0.1-5 % of a primer having a 3'-VTTV, about 0.001-0.5% of a primer having a 3'-VTTV, and upto about 95 % of a primer having a 3'-VVVVV, wherein V is deoxyadenosine, deoxycytidine, or deoxyguanosine.
- 16. The method of claim 15, wherein the mixture comprises about 15-20 % of a primer having a 3'-VTV, about 0.5-3 % of a primer having a 3'-VTTV, about 0.5-3 % of a primer having a 3'-VTTV, and about 60-80 % of a primer having a 3'-VTTTV, and about 60-80 % of a primer having a 3'-VVVVV, wherein V is deoxyadenosine, deoxycytidine, or deoxyguanosine.
- 17. A method of producing uni-directionally cloned complimentary DNA libraries from mRNA, the method comprising:

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contacting the mRNA having a polyA tail with a primer mixture wherein each primer in the mixture has at least 15 contiguous deoxythymidines having a restriction enzyme site at one end and a non-polyA-complementary region near the opposite end, wherein the non-polyA-complementary region is selected from the group consisting of 3'-VV, 3'-VTVV, 3'-VTVV, 3'-VTTVV, 3'-VTTVV, 3'-VTTVV, and 3'-VVVVV, and combinations thereof, wherein V is deoxyadenosine, deoxycytidine, or deoxyguanosine;

reverse transcribing the mRNA using a reverse transcriptase to produce a cDNA strand having a polyT tail;

modifying the cDNA strand wherein the polyT tail is substantially removed; and amplifying the modified cDNA strand by inserting the strand into cloning vector unidirectionally, and amplifying using a DNA polymerase.